

Uruncus, i, m. [ab 'H<sup>u</sup>rry<sup>o</sup>, spirillum] the knot in the bottom of an Ear of Corn.

Urvo, are, [ab urvum] to encom- pass, to tumble round.

Urus, the River Ouse, running through York into Humber.

Urus, i, m. [ab 'Op<sup>o</sup> mons] a wild Bull, Buff. See Uri.

Urvum, i, n. the crooked Plough- tail.

Urvus, a, um, turned br bowed upwards.

## U

## S

Uscudam, a City of Thrace, called afterwards Hadrianopolis.

Uss, æ, f. the Essence, Nature or Matter by which a thing consists, a Teck, g.

Uspii, a People of Germany.

Uspites, after the accustomed fashion.

Ustatio, ñis, f. usage.

Ustatum, est, imp. it is the com- mon custom.

Ustatus, a, um, accustomed, wont- ed, usual, common.

Ustator, ari, to use often.

Uspiam, adv. [ab 'Us, ut, &c.] any where, in any place or thing.

Usquam, in any place, thing, or matter, in any wise, any where.

\* Usquam gentium, any place on earth.

USQUE, adv. ['Eas] until, unto, as long as ever, still, even. \* Us- que ad hunc, all before him. \* Us- que a cunabulis, from his very Childhood. \* Usque ed, so far.

\* Usque affatim, his belly full, till he leave. \* Usque & usque, Al- ways, continually.

Usquedeò, adv. inasmuch, until that.

Usque adhuc, adv. hitherto.

Usqueante, adv. until, before.

Usque dum, adv. until that.

Usque-eo dum, so long until.

Usque-extra, until he was out.

Usquequaque, every where, all about, always, quite, altogether.

Usquequò, adv. until, as long as, how long? \* Quo te spectabimus usque, How long shall we wait upon thee?

Ustica, a City and Island of Sicily; also a Mountain of the Sabines.

Ustilago, ñis, f. [ab uro] burnt Corn.

Ustio, ñis, f. a burning, searing.

Ustor, ñis, m. a burner.

Usticula, æ, f. a Woman Barber, she that burns off hair.

Ustrigo, ñis, f. a blasting of corn; also a burning in Scres.

Ustrina, æ, f. a Melting house for Metal; also a place for a Funeral- pile.

Ustilatio, ñis, f. a burning or scorching.

Ustilatus, a, um, scorched, seared.

Ustilo, are, to scorch and sear. \* Crines ustulare, to curl the hair.

Ustura, æ, f. a burning.

Ustus, a, um, [ab uxor] burned.

Usualis, le, serving for our use, borrowed.

Usualiter, adv. usually.

Usuarius, a, um, usual, serving for our use, borrowed.

Usuarius, ii, m. he that has the use of a thing, but not the benefit.

Ufucapio, ere, to take up an Estate for a term of years, to hold by Pre- scription.

Ufucapio, } the taking up  
Ufucapio, ñis, f. } an Estate for  
a term of years, an holding by pre-  
scription.

Ufuctuarius, ii, m. he that has the use and profit of a thing, but not the propriety.

Ufuctus, ñis, m. the use and pro- fit of a thing, but not the propriety.

Uura, æ, f. use, usage, usury, loan, or interest, custom and familiarity.

\* Lucis usuram eripere alicui, to take away any ones life. \* Usa- ra centesima, one in the hundred for a month. \* Usura usurarum, use upon use. \* Usura quincunx, Usury of five in the hundred. \* U- sura bes, usury of eight in the hun- dred.

Usurarius, a, um, of usury, taking or taken up or upon use. \* Uxor usuraria, a Concubine.

Usurarius, ii, m. an usurer.

Usurpatio, ñis, f. frequent use and custom; also a confident turning that to ones use which another for- merly was seized of, Usurpation, License.

Usurpator, ñis, m. an Usurper.

Usurpatus, a, um, much used, held by prescription.

Usurpo, are, to use much and often, to mention often. \* Jus usurpare, boldly to take ones privilege. \* U- surpare civitatem, confidently to take up the Title of a Free-man.

\* Memoriam usurpare, to remem- ber. \* Oculis usurpare, to review.

Uusus, a, um, [ab utor] used, or ha- ving used.

Uusus, ñis, m. use, practice, acquain- tance, familiarity, need, or occasion to use, profit, benefit, advantage, custom. \* Uusus ædium, the dwell- ing in an House. \* Non usus fa- cto est mihi, 'tis not proper to be done by me. \* Cum usus veniat, when occasion requires. \* Mihi magno fuit usui, He was very helpful to me. \* Mihi improbi sunt usui, I gain by Villains. \* Ex usu esse, to be advantageous. \* Mi- hi sic est usus, this is my wont, this course I take. \* Non usus veniet, there will be no need.

Uususfructus, as Uususfructus.

## U

## T

Ut, adv. & conj. [Ut, 'Uta, 'Ute, 'Oti] as, that, to the end that, af- ter that, how, just as, O that, al- though, whether. \* Ut non, But that. \* Ut quid, wherefore.

\* Ut ita sit, Grant it be so. \* Ut res dant sese, as our condition proves. \* Vereor ut non jam fe- rat quisquam, I fear none can bear it any longer. \* Ut fallus animi est! How strangely he is deceived!

\* Ut diu tempus est, considering what time of day it is. \* Utine, to the end that. \* Ut primum, as soon as ever. \* Ut maximè, at most. \* Ut cum maximè, as much as ever. \* Ut omnia contra opinionem acciderent, tamen-- Although all things hap- pen wrong, yet--

Utcunque, however, after a sort, so so, in some sort, in such a manner

[?] F f f f f f f

as. \* Utcunque esse contigit, f'U out what will.

Utendus, a, um, to be used. \* U- tendum accipere, to borrow. \* U- tendum est atate, we must make use of our time.

Utensilis, le, needful for use or em- ployment. \* Utensilia, Necessa- ries, Baggage.

Uter, utra, utrum, utrius, ["Ers<sup>o</sup>] whether, which of the two. \* Ab- utro horum, by whether soever of those.

Uter, ris, m. [ab uterus] a leathern Bottle for Wine, Beer, &c. a Blad- der to swim with.

Uterculus, i, m. a little bag, or jack; the husk of a seed, the belly, the skin inclosing the bud of a flower.

Utercunque, utracunque, utrum- cunque, whether soever of the two.

Uterinus, a, um, born of the same Mother.

Uterlibet, which of the two you will.

Uternam, which of the two.

Uterque, utraque, utrumque, u- triusque, both, as well one, as another.

\* Uterque utrinque est cordi, they both like one another. \* Utraque manus, the two hands. \* Uterque alterum verberavit, both of them dealt a blow to each other.

Utervis, utravis, utrumvis, both; which you will.

UTERUS, i, m. ['Huyor, vel ab uter, vel ab 'Oubap, Uber] the Belly, the Womb, an Infant in the womb, the hollow Cabin of the wood, an horse. \* Uterum ferre, to be with Child. \* Uteri crimen o- nusque, a Child gotten out of wed- lock.

Uthina, a city of Africa.

Uti, as, even as, how that.

Utililis, le, useful.

Utica, a city of Gallia Narbonensis.

Utilis, le, ior, simus, profitable, com- modious, fit, useful, wholesome, pro- perous. \* Neutro pede satis uti- lis, having little use of either foot.

Utilitas, atis, f. profit, commodity; service, pleasure. \* Utilitatis suis possum carere, I have no need of your help, I care not for you.

Utiliter, adv. profitably.

Utinam, that, would to God.

Utique, then also, in like manner, verily. \* Neutique relinquere, not in any wise to leave him be- hind.

Utor, usus sum, uti, [ab 'E<sup>u</sup>, 'Ei- ada, solitus sum] to use, make use of; also to be used. \* Via uti, to go the common way. \* Uti fami- liariter, to be well acquainted with.

\* Uti invidia minore, to be less en- vied. \* Uti aliquo, to converse with one. \* Uti valetudine fir- ma, to be in good health. \* Be- nignis aliquibus uti, to find some to be kind hearted. \* Potestate uti ad quæstum, to set himself to get money.

Utpotè, adv. as being, considering that, seeing it is so.

Utpotè, adv. as if, as imagine, to wit.

Utquid, why, wherefore.

Utrarius, ii, m. a Tankard-bearer, he that carries Buckets, or any Li- quor in Bottles.

Utribi, in any place, where so ever.

† Utricen, ñis, Erafm. a Bag- pipe-player.

Utr-



Utriusque, *the City Utrecht* by Holland.  
 Utricida, æ, c. a destroyer or drinker of Bottles.  
 Utricularis, le, Of or like a Bottle or Bag. \* Tibia utricularis, a Bag-pipe.  
 Utricularius, ii, m. a Bag-piper, one that has the Dropsie.  
 Utrionulus, i, m. [ab uter] a little Bottle or Bag, the Womb and the Husk of Seeds, the first Bud of a Flower, a Bag-pipe.  
 Utrinde, } On both sides.  
 Utrunque, }  
 Utrinæcus, On every side.  
 Utrō, adv. to which of the two parts, which way.  
 Utrobi, }  
 Utrobi, } as Utrubi.  
 Utrobique, On both sides.  
 Utroque, adv. towards both sides, both way.  
 Utrum, adv. Whether.  
 † Utrumcunque, On what manner soever.  
 Utus, a River of Mysia.  
 Utot, However. \* Utur erat gesta rem indicavit, he told the whole thing how it was.

## U

## V

UVA, æ, f. [ab 'rō gibbosus vel 'rō tuber] a Grape or Berry, the Palat of the Mouth, and a swarm of Bees. \* Uvæ apianæ, or apiriæ, Muscadine. \* Uvæ Corinthiæ, Currants. \* Uvæ crispa, a white Gooseberry. \* Uvæ marina, Sea-cluster. \* Uvæ passæ, Raisins. \* Uvæ præcia, the Rattle-grape. \* Uvæ urti, Spanish red Whortle berries.  
 Wagri, a People of Holsatia.  
 Wallia, Wales.  
 Wandali, as Vandali.  
 Uvea, æ, f. the first Tunicle above the Optick Sinew.  
 Uvemaria, a City of Thuringia.  
 Uveo, ere, [ab uva vel udus] to be Wet or Moist.  
 Uvesco, ere, to grow moist or dank.  
 Westmorland, a, Westmorland.  
 Westmonasterium, Westminster.  
 Uveus, a, um, made of Grapes.  
 Uvidulus, a, um, moist. \* a Fletu uvidula, Blubbered.  
 Uvidus, a, um, [ab uveo] Wet, moist.  
 Uviser, era, um, bearing Grapes.  
 Uviformis, e, like a Grape.  
 Wigornia, Worcester.  
 Wilhelmus, a Man's Name, William.  
 Winuli, a People of Germany.  
 Wemaria, the City Weimar in Germany.  
 Vulcania, the Feast of Vulcan.  
 Vulcani Insula, an Island of Sicily.  
 Vulcanus, Vulcan, the heathen god of Fire, feigned to be Jupiter's Smith, and to Forge his Thunderbolts; also Fire and a Candle.  
 \* Vulcanum in cornu inclusum gerere, to carry a Lantern.  
 Vulcanicus, } a, um, of Vulcan.  
 Vulcanius, }  
 Vulgago, inis, f. [a bulga] Flea-foot.  
 Vulgaris, e, } Of the common  
 Vulgaris, a, um, } People, common  
 Ordinary. Mechanical. \* Vulga  
 ris tormæ, a mean beauty. \* Vul-

gares puellæ, Hackney trumpets.  
 Vulgaritas, atis, f. Commonness.  
 Vulgariter, adv. commonly.  
 Vulgator, oris, m. a Publisher of Secrets.  
 Vulgatus, a, um, Published. \* Cibus vulgatus, a common Dish.  
 \* Vulgata verba, Words of common use.  
 Vulgativus, a, um, common, promiscuous.  
 Vulgo, are, to Publish, make known abroad, expose to common use, prostitute. \* Vulgare morbos, To spread Infection abroad. \* In majus aliquid vulgare, To make a thing greater than really it is.  
 \* Vulgare concubitus plebis & patrum, to make marriages between the Nobility and Teomanry common.  
 Vulgò, commonly, a road, spuriously, promiscuously. \* Vulgò quæritus, a Bastard. \* Vulgò occidi, To be slain before the Peoples face.  
 VULGUS, i, m. and n, [a Πῶδες multus] the Vulgar or common sort of People. \* Vulgus ovium, the generality of the Flock. \* Vulgus, the common Soldiers.  
 Vulnērius, ii, m. He that cures Wounds, a Surgeon.  
 Vulnērius, a, um, Of or for Wounds.  
 Vulnēratio, onis, f. a Wounding, Hurting.  
 Vulnēratus, a, um, wounded, hurt.  
 Vulnēro, are, to Wound, Hurt or Grieve. \* Vulnere voce, to speak ill of.  
 † Vulnērōsus, a, um, Full of Wounds.  
 Vulnificus, a, um, Wounding. \* Vulnificus, the biting wild Boar.  
 VULNUS, eris, n. [ab 'Ovancatrix] a Wound or Hurt, trouble of Mind, Leave. \* Aeternum vulnus, an irreconcilable quarrel.  
 \* Vulnere tabularum recentia, Scratchings and crossings out just made.  
 Vulnuscūlum, n. a little wound.  
 Vulpanser, eris, m. a Bergander, a kind of Goose.  
 Vulpēcula, æ, f. a young Fox, a Cub.  
 VULPES, is, f. [a Λῆσπε] a Fox. \* Vulpem habere sub pectore, to carry Falshood in the Heart.  
 Vulpicaudia, æ, f. the herb Fox-tail.  
 † Vulpināris, e, crafty, subtil.  
 Vulpinor, aris, to play the Fox, use deceit and guile. \* Vulpinari cum vulpe, to shew a knave a knavish trick.  
 Vulpinus, a, um, Of or like a Fox, crafty.  
 Vulpio, onis, m. a very crafty Man.  
 Vultella, as Volfella.  
 † Vultio, onis, f. a pulling a Cramp.  
 Vulsura, æ, f. a plucking or pulling.  
 Vulsus, a, ut, [a vellor] plucked, having the hair pulled off.  
 Vulticulus, i, m. a little Face, a thin countenance.  
 Vultuosè, dis, infusely.  
 Vultuosus, a, um, Of a heavy and sad countenance, of an affected Gravity.  
 Vultur, ūris, } [a volo vel  
 Vulturis, is, } vultus] a Vulture; also a  
 Vulturius, ii, m. }

sweeping cast or cock-all. \* Vultur, s homo, a greedy Extortioner.  
 Vultura, } a City of the Hirpini  
 Vulturaria, } on the Borders of Apulia.  
 Vulturinus, a, um, Of or like a Vulture.  
 Vulturum, a City of Campania; also an ancient Name of Capua.  
 Vulturus, i, m. [a vultur vel a flux.] the South-east Wind.  
 Vulturum, a River of Campania.  
 VULTUS, ūs, m. [a vultus vel a flux.] the Face, Visage or Countenance. \* Vultus bonus, Welcome.  
 \* Invito vultu ridere, to force a smile.  
 Vulva, æ, f. [a volvo] the Womb of a Woman, but more commonly of other creatures.  
 Vulvaria, æ, f. stinking orach.  
 † Uvor, oris, m. Moisture, liquor. See Uveo.  
 Wormaria, the city Worms in Germany.  
 Uvula, æ, f. [ab Uva] the Palate of the Mouth.  
 Uvularia, æ, f. the Herb Horse-tongue.

## U

## X

## Z

Uxellodunum, Ladanac in Aquitane.  
 Uxentum, a city of the Salentini called Ufento.  
 Uxentus, a Mountain of India on this side Ganges.  
 Uxii, Mountains and People of Uxia in Armenia major.  
 Uxifama, an Island in the Western Ocean.  
 Uxor, oris, f. [Heb. Espah, vel ab unguendo mariti postes] a Wife; also the she Beasts.  
 Uxoratus, a, um, Married.  
 Uxorcula, æ, f. a little Wife.  
 Uxoriosus, a, um, loving his Wife.  
 † Uxorium, ii, n. a Penalty for not Marrying.  
 Uxorius, a, um, Of a Wife, in the Wives Subjection, doting upon his Wife.  
 Uzalis, a city of Africa.  
 Uzecia, a city of Africa propria.

## X

## A

XAnthe or Xantho, a Sea Nymph.  
 Xanthus, the precious stone of an Amber colour.  
 Xanthi, a People of Thrace, and others in Asia, who being besieged by Harpagus, burnt their Wives, children, servants and goods; and rushing out against him, were all slain.  
 Xanthia, a city of Thrace.  
 Xanthicus, April among the Macedonians.  
 Xanthippe, } the Wife of Socrates,  
 Xantippe, } who said he kept her to exercise his Patience; having scolded him out of Doors, she emptied the chamber-pot upon him, whereupon he said, he thought that thunder would produce a shower.  
 Xanthippus, a Lacedonian captain, who aided the Carthaginians against the Romans.

Xanthion,



Xanthion, } g. Burdock.  
 Xanthium, }  
 Xanthus, a City of Lycia, called also  
 Xanthopolis; also the City Santem  
 in lower Germany, and the River  
 Scamander in Troas; also a River  
 in Lycia, one of Hector's Horses,  
 an Historian of Sardis, and others.  
 Xathri, a People of India.  
 Xaurii, a people of Macedonia.

## X E

Xena, a Place in Crete where Plu-  
 tarch says Lycurgus was buried.  
 Xenagoras, the Name of an Histo-  
 rian.  
 Xenarchus, a comical poet; also a  
 Peripatetick of Seleucis, who first  
 taught at Alexandria, then at  
 Rome, and grew old in Augustus's  
 Favour.  
 Xeneus, one of Chios, who published  
 a Volume concerning that Island.  
 Xenias, a Corinthian, who bought  
 Diogenes, who told him, being asked  
 what he could do, that though he  
 were a Slave, yet he could govern  
 Freeman, whereupon he made him  
 Free and Tutor to his Children.  
 Xenidium, i, n. a small present.  
 Xenion, he wrote of Crete and Italy.  
 Xenippo, a country bordering upon  
 Scythia.  
 Xenium, ii, n. a present or token, g.  
 Xenius, Jupiter so called.  
 Xenocrates, a Philosopher of Chal-  
 cedon, of whom his master Plato  
 said, Aristotle had need of a bribe,  
 but Xenocrates of a spur; and se-  
 veral others.  
 Xenodochium, ii. n. an Hospital  
 for poor travellers or pilgrims; also  
 an Inn, a Guest-house, g.  
 Xenodorus, a famous Statuary;  
 also an Historian of Troezen.  
 Xenophanes, a Philosopher of Colo-  
 phon, who wrote against Hesiod and  
 Homer concerning the gods; also  
 an Iambick Poet of Lesbos.  
 Xenophilus, a Musician who lived  
 an hundred and seven years without  
 sickness.  
 Xenophon, ontis, an Athenian  
 Philosopher and Scholar of Socrates,  
 called for his Eloquence Musa At-  
 tica, he was in Favour with Cy-  
 rus Minor, whose Education he  
 wrote; and several others.

Xera, a City by Hercules Pillars,  
 called Xeres de la Frontiera.  
 Xerampelinus color, g. a Murry-  
 colour, Fulle morto.

Xerolibia, the inward part of Li-  
 bya not inhabited for want of water.  
 Xerophagia, æ, f. an eating of dry  
 meat.

Xerophthalmia, æ, f. a dry soreness  
 of the Eyes, g.

Xerxene, a Northern Country of Me-  
 dia, between Iberia and Albania.

Xerxes, the Son of Darius and King  
 of Persia, whose army of seventeen  
 hundred thousand men was vanquish-  
 ed by forty thousand Greeks. Also  
 a Painter of Heraclia, who set very  
 much by a curious picture of Venus.

## X I O U

Xilia, a city of Libya.  
 Xiline, a city of Pontus in Cappa-  
 docia, called Sentina.  
 Xiphene, a country of Palestine.

Xiphias, æ, m. the sword-fish, g.  
 Xiphion, ii, n. corn flag, g.  
 Xiphomachæra, æ, f. g. a Back-  
 sword.  
 Xiphonia, a city of Sicily.  
 Xiphonia, a Promontory of Sicily,  
 called Capodi Molina.  
 Xoana, a Town of India within  
 Ganges.  
 Xodracha, a Town of India within  
 Ganges.

Xoes, an Island and city of Æ-  
 Nois, g. gypc.

Xolla, a city of Africa.

Xuches, a city of Libya.

Xuchites, the people of Xuches.

Xuthia, a city of Sicily.

Xuthiates, the people of Xuthia.

## X Y

Xylenopolis, a city built by Alex-  
 ander on the Borders of Caria and  
 India.

Xyline, as Xiline.

XYLINUM, i, m. [Ξύλινον] Fustian  
 or cotton.

Xylinus, a, um, of cotton or bom-  
 bast, g.

Xylobalsamum, i, n. the Wood of  
 the Balsam-tree.

Xylocinnamon, i, n. the Wood of  
 the cinnamon-tree, g.

Xylon, i, n. the cotton shrub, g.

Xylophagus, i, m. a worm breeding  
 in Timber.

Xynia, a city of Thessaly.

Xyras, adis, f. stinking-gladiwin, g.

Xyrotheca, æ, f. a Razor case, g.

Xystiacus, a, um, of Xystis.

Xyſici, Roman Fencers, who in  
 winter time Fought in porches and  
 covered places.

Xyſticus, i, m. a Master of Exer-  
 cise, g.

Xyſtis, a city of Caria.

Xyſtum, i, n. an open Gallery for  
 Walking or Exercise in Summer.

XYSTUS, i, m. [Ξυστός] a cover-  
 ed Gallery for Winter Exercises.

Xyſtus, the Sixth, and Three and  
 Twentieth Bishop of Rome.

## Y R S U

YRcus, ei, m. a Male cony.

Yſopum, i, n. Hyſſop.

Yucca, æ, f. Indian Bread.

## Z A

ZAaram, a country of Arabia  
 felix.

Zaba, a city of India within Gan-  
 ges; also an Island about Tapro-  
 bana.

Zabarus, a River near Tigris.

Zabdoea, a country of Persia.

Zabdicena, a country beyond Ti-  
 gris.

Zabeces, a people of Africa.

Zabel, a Mountain of Arabia felix,  
 where Mahomet was wont to pray;  
 or rather to consult the Devil.

+ Ziberna, a press for cloutbs, &c.

Zabii, a people of India.

Zabirna, a city of Libya

Zabius, a King of the Hyperborei.

+ Zabulus, for Diabolus.

Zabur, a country of Babylonia.

Zacantha, a city of Iberia.

Zacanthi, the people of Zacantha.

+ Zachariae Hos. the Blue-bottle.

Zacharias, the Fourth Bishop of Je-  
 rusalem, and the 88th Bishop of  
 Rome.

+ Zacantha, æ, f. Wart-mort, Suc-  
 cory.

Zacynthus, an Island and City in  
 the Ionian Sea, called Il Zante.

Zadadrus, a River of India.

Zadrame, a country of Arabia for-  
 lix.

Zæa, a very ancient city of Bæotia.

Zagatis, a River of Pontus.

Zagoria, a country of Thrace.

Zagrus, a Mountain dividing Media  
 from Babylon.

Zagistis, a small country of Libya.

Zalates, an effeminate Armenian.

Zaleucus, a Law-giver of Locris,  
 who put out one of his own Eyes and  
 one of his Sons, to fulfil his own  
 Law against Adultery.

Zaliscus, the River Bolli in Galatia.

Zalissa, the city Scander in Iberia.

Zama, a city of Africa where Sci-  
 pio vanquished Hannibal.

Zana, a Fountain of Africa, whose  
 water greatly clears the throat.

Zamazi, a people of Libya interior.

Zameis Nimas, the fifth King of  
 Assyria.

Zametos, a Mountain of Arabia  
 Felix.

Zamia, æ, f. a Damage, Detriment,  
 Injury, shrewaturn, g.

Zamiae, arum, Pine-nuts opening  
 upon the Tree, and hurting others  
 unless plucked off, g.

Zamnes, a city of Ethiopia.

Zamolxis, a Scholar, and servant of  
 Pythagoras, canonized at his death.

Zanaatha, a city of Arabia Petræa.

Zancle, a City of Sicily, taken also  
 for Sicily itself.

Zancleus, a, um, of Zancle.

Zancleus, an old Man of Samo-  
 thrace, who had young teeth sprung  
 up when he was an Hundred and  
 Four Years Old.

+ Zaphirus, i, m. a Gilt head.

Zaragardia, a city of Mesopotamia.

Zarai, a city of Mauritania Cæſa-  
 riensis.

Zarama, a city of Media.

Zaraspæ, a people of Asia.

Zarax, a city of Peloponnesus.

Zareus, a Mountain of Media.

Zareta, a Mountain beyond the  
 Chalcædonian Sea, breeding small  
 Crocodiles, called Zereti.

Zarex, a city of Laconia.

Zariaspa, a city of Bactriana.

Zarmisogethusa, a Royal city of  
 Dacia.

+ Zarsaparilla, æ, f. Sarsaparilla.

Zareces, a people of Libya.

## Z E

ZEA, æ, f. [Zia] spelt.

Zebece, a city of Galilæa.

Zebvrtis, a city of Libya.

Zedoaria, æ, f. [Zedæra] Zedary.

Zela, a city of Armenia.

Zela, a city of Troas.

Zela, a city of Troas.

Zelandia a country of Lower Ger-  
 many, and a Danish Island.

Zeles, a city in Spain.

Zelia, a city in Troas.



Zella, a city of Africa.  
 Zēlo, arc, } to be jealous or zealous,  
 Zelor, ari, } to envy.  
 Zēlōsus, a, um, Jealous.  
 Zēlōtes, æ, m. one that is jealous, g.  
 Zēlotypia, æ, f. jealousy, g.  
 Zēlōtypus, a, um, jealous, g.  
 ZELUS, i, m. [Zēlo] Zeal, earnest  
 Study, Love, Emulation, Envy.  
 Zēlus, a city of Æthiopia.  
 Zērich, ind. n. [Arab.] the point  
 directly over our heads.  
 Zēno, ōnis, a Philosopher of Cyprus  
 and Father of the Stoicks; and se-  
 veral others.  
 Zenobia, a Queen of the Palmyreni,  
 she usurped the Government of the  
 World, but was overcome and led in  
 Triumph by Aurelian in Golden  
 Chains.  
 Zenobii, Seven Islands near Arabia  
 felix.  
 Zenodotium, a city of Osrhonne.  
 Zenodōtus, a Grammarian, the keeper  
 of Ptolemy's Library; he first cor-  
 rected and reduced Homer's works  
 into order; also a Sophister, who  
 turned Salust into Greek; and se-  
 veral others.  
 Zenon, a Roman Emperour. An.  
 Dom. 467.  
 Zephyre, a small Island of Creet.  
 Zephyritis, idis, a name of Chloris,  
 the Daughter of Zephyrus in Ca-  
 tullus.  
 Zephyrium, a city of Cilicia; also  
 an ancient name of Halicarnassus,  
 and a Promontory of Magna Græ-  
 cia, and other places.  
 Zephyrus, a, um, g. of the west-wind.  
 \* Ova Zephyria, Wind eggs, laid  
 without treading of a Cock.  
 ZEPHYRUS, i, m. [Zēphyr] the  
 West-wind.  
 Zerania, a Country of Thrace.  
 Zeranii, the people of Zerania.  
 Zerbis, a River of Mesopotamia.  
 Zerynthus, a city and cave of He-  
 cate in Samothrace.  
 Zerynthius, a, um, of Zerynthus.  
 Zeta, æ, f. [a Zēu ferreo] a warm  
 room, a chamber and dining-room,  
 in Apartment. See Diata.  
 Zētēcula, æ, f. a Partition in a  
 room within a Screen, a Closet.  
 Zētema, ātis, n. a Question, g.  
 Zetha, a promontory of Africa.  
 Zēthes, the son of Boreas, and Bro-  
 ther of Calais, both Argonauts,  
 said to be winged and sent to drive  
 away the Harpies.  
 Zētus, } the son of Jupiter and An-  
 Zethus, } tiope, and Brother of Am-  
 phion.  
 Zeugitana, a Country of Africa  
 bordering on Numidia.  
 Zeugma, a City of Syria and Dacia.  
 Zeugma, ātis, n. the making a verb  
 or adjective by supplement to an-  
 swer divers suppositives, g.  
 Zēu, g. a Fish taken about Cales.  
 Zeuxis, an excellent Painter of He-  
 raclea, who grew very rich.  
 Zeuxo, a Sea Nymph.

Z  
 ZIBETHUM, i, n. [ab Heb. Zubb  
 effluxit] Civet.

Ziela, a city of Cappadocia.  
 Zilla, a city of Mauritania Tin-  
 gitana.  
 Zimara, a City of Armenia major.  
 Zingiber, ēris n. } [Zingiberis] }  
 Zingiberi, ind. } Ginger.  
 Zingiberis, is, f. }  
 Zingiber, ēris, n.  
 Zingis, a Promontory of Æthiopia.  
 Zipærum, a city of Bithynia.  
 Zizania, ōrum, n. Tares, g.  
 Zizerus, a Haven of India.  
 Zizirius, a City on the borders of  
 Colchis.  
 † Zizipha, æ, f. Peed-tree.  
 Ziziphum, i, n. the fruit Jujubes, g.  
 Ziziphus, i, f. the Jujube-tree, g.

## Z M O

† Zmilāces, a precious stone found  
 in Euphrates.  
 Zmilus, a famous Architect.  
 Zmirna, a city of Mœsia.  
 Zoara, a city of Persia, also a  
 Town in Palestine.  
 Zoari, }  
 Zoarita, } the people of Zoara.  
 Zoareni, }  
 Zobidæ, a people near Carmania.  
 Zodiācus, i, m. a Zodiac, g.  
 Zoe, an Empress, and other Women.  
 Zoelæ, a People of Austria in Spain.  
 † Zoelicum, i, n. Spanish flax of  
 which they make thread for Bird-  
 nets.  
 Zoetium, a city of Armenia.  
 Zogocara, a city of Armenia major.  
 Zoilus, a critical Sophister of Am-  
 phipolis, who wrote against Ho-  
 mer, whence he was called Homero-  
 mastick, used now for any carping  
 Fellow.  
 Zoitium, a city of Arcadia.  
 Zombis, a city of Media.  
 ZONA, æ, f. [Zōn] a Girdle or  
 Purse; Also a kind of St. Antho-  
 ny's fire, and the broad circles of  
 the Globe distinguishing the temper-  
 of Countries upon earth, whereof one  
 is torrid, two frigid, and two tem-  
 perate. \* Zonam solvere, to de-  
 flour. \* Zonam perdidit, he has  
 lost every Farthing of his money, has  
 not a token left.  
 Zonaras, a famous Historian.  
 Zonārius, a, um, of a Girdle or  
 Purse. \* Zonarius sector, a Cut-  
 purse.  
 Zonārius, ii, m. a Girdle.  
 Zonātim, adv. by circles or like a  
 circle.  
 Zonūla, æ, f. a little circle, girdle,  
 or purse.  
 Zoographia, æ, f. a description or  
 painting of beasts, g.  
 Zoophthalmon, n. Ox-eye or Sen-  
 green.  
 Zoophytum, n. a Plant-animal, g.  
 Zoparytus, a city of Armenia ma-  
 jor.  
 Zophōrus, i, m. the border above the  
 chapter of a Pillar, the Freese, g.  
 Zophissa, æ, f. pitch taken from and  
 tempered with wax and salt, g.  
 Zopyrion, a Governour of Pontus,  
 and an Historian.  
 Zopyrus, a Nobleman of Persia who

cut off his nose and ears and fled to  
 Babylon, pretending Darius had done  
 it, and being made their General be-  
 trayed it to him, who said he had ra-  
 ther have Zopyrus who's again than  
 take twenty Babylons; also a Phy-  
 siognomist, who judged by Socrates's  
 Features that he was vitious, which  
 he confest he was by nature, but that  
 he had civilized himself by his Phi-  
 losophy.  
 Zoroastes, a King of Bactria and  
 Author of Persian Magick, who is  
 said to have laughed as soon as born.  
 † Zoronyfius, a precious stone used  
 by Magicians.  
 Zoronassus, a city of Armenia ma-  
 jor.  
 Zozimus, the thirty ninth Bishop of  
 Rome; also an Historian and ene-  
 my to the Christians.  
 Zoster, ēris, m. St. Anthony's  
 Fire, g.  
 Zoster, a Promontory of Attica, and  
 another in Italy.  
 Zotale, a River of Margiana.  
 Zotape, a city of Isauria.  
 Zoticus, a rich Favourite of He-  
 liogabalus; also a holy Bishop of  
 Comagena.  
 Zoton, a city of Æthiopia.

## Z U Y

Zuzitanus, a Bishop of Africa.  
 Zuchabarus, a Mountain of Africa  
 propria.  
 Zuchis, a city of Libya near Syrtis.  
 Zugona, a city of Arabia felix.  
 Zugar, a city in Africa.  
 Zumi, a people of Germany.  
 Zura, æ, f. [Aphric] a white thorn-  
 berry.  
 Zur, ind. [Heb.] the fourth part of  
 a shekel.  
 Zydris, a people about Pontus.  
 Zygaetes, a River of Thrace.  
 Zygena, æ, f. the Ballance Fish.  
 Zygentes, a People near Carthage  
 in Africa, who lived on apes flesh, g.  
 Zygena, an Island in the red sea.  
 Zygenites, the people of Zygena.  
 Zygenicus, a, um, of Zygena.  
 Zyges, a people of Marmarica.  
 Zygi, a people of Asia.  
 Zygianum, a, um, of the Zygi.  
 Zygia, a name of Juno in Pindar,  
 as presiding over Marriage.  
 Zygia tibia [a Zygōs jugum] a pipe  
 on which they played at weddings.  
 Zygiæ, a country of Bithynia.  
 Zygis, g. wild Betony.  
 Zygitæ, æ, m. he that rowed in the  
 middle.  
 Zygopolis, a city of Pontus near  
 Trapezus.  
 Zygostata, æ, m. a Clerk of the  
 Market, g.  
 Zygostaticus, a, um, g. of sixteen  
 Ounces, or the clerk of a Market.  
 Zymites, æ, m. leavened Bread.  
 Zymma, a city of Syria.  
 Zymoma, ātis, g. Leavening.  
 Zyras, a River of Thrace.  
 Zythepia, æ, m. a Brewer, g.  
 Zythum, i, n. } [Zythos] Beer.  
 Zythus, i, m. } \* Zythum illu-  
 pulatum, Ale.



